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# TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION



Power quality management – Part 3: User characteristics modelling

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

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#### INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

## **POWER QUALITY MANAGEMENT –**

## Part 3: User characteristics modelling

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IEC 63222-3 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 8: System aspects of electrical energy supply. It is a Technical Specification.

The text of this Technical Specification is based on the following documents:

Draft	Report on voting
8/1690/DTS	8/1702/RVDTS

Full information on the voting for its approval can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

The language used for the development of this Technical Specification is English.

This document was drafted in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, and developed in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1 and ISO/IEC Directives, IEC Supplement, available at www.iec.ch/members\_experts/refdocs. The main document types developed by IEC are described in greater detail at http://www.iec.ch/standardsdev/publications.

A list of all parts in the IEC 63222 series, published under the general title *Power quality management*, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under webstore.iec.ch in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn, or
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## POWER QUALITY MANAGEMENT -

#### Part 3: User characteristics modelling

#### 1 Scope

This part of IEC 63222 is intended to provide provisions regarding recognized engineering practices applicable to assess the user's characteristics in power quality predicted assessment. It summarizes the best practice in non-linear, unbalanced, impact and fluctuating loads or generations modelling for power quality disturbance anticipation in public power systems at the planning stage.

This document focuses on frequency-domain modelling for AC power quality analysis in electric power networks, typically in the range up to the 50<sup>th</sup> harmonic (2,5 kHz in 50 Hz systems or 3 kHz in 60 Hz systems). Unbalance is analyzed in three-phase systems and only negative sequence component is considered. The approach and modelling guidelines provided are valid on the representation of user installations connected to power systems acting as sources of disturbance. Modelling of the network elements is out of the scope of the document.

These guidelines will be valuable in the definition of power quality performance specifications for user equipment. They will also assist users when modelling their installation to assess or demonstrate compliance with the emission limits provided by the system owner/operator and to investigate and specify mitigation measures.

#### 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC TR 61000-3-6, Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 3-6: Limits – Assessment of emission limits for the connection of distorting installations to MV, HV and EHV power systems

IEC TR 61000-3-7, Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 3-7: Limits – Assessment of emission limits for the connection of fluctuating installations to MV, HV and EHV power systems

IEC TR 61000-3-13, Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 3-13: Limits – Assessment of emission limits for the connection of unbalanced installations to MV, HV and EHV power systems

IEC 61000-4-30, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-30: Testing and measurement techniques – Power quality measurement methods*